

9. Movement and transport of patients with influenza should be limited as much as possible. If a patient must be transported, adhere to the following guidelines:

- Place surgical mask on patient.
- Always notify recipient area prior to patient transport.
- Follow alternate route designated for transport of influenza patients (separate from main traffic route).
- Dedicated pathways will be determined by the pandemic influenza coordinator or designee.
- The following elevators will be utilized: [-----].
- The following corridors will be utilized: [-----].
- Consider limiting hospital admissions, transfers, and discharges (in accordance with local/state recommendations and regulations) in the event that nosocomial transmission of pandemic influenza occurs.

10. Visitors should be limited to reduce the likelihood of pandemic influenza transmission among visitors, patients, and health care workers.

- Guardians of minor children and no more than 2 significant others (e.g., spouse, sibling) may visit provided that they do not have fever or respiratory symptoms. An exception to the visitation rule can be made by the Director of Infection Control/ Hospital Epidemiology in consultation with state or local public health authorities.
- Visitors will receive infection control training via [-----] (e.g., brochures, video) and comply with infection control measures.
- Symptomatic persons exposed to pandemic influenza patients will be excluded from visitation.

11. In-hospital post-mortem care:

- Health care workers must follow standard precautions when caring for a patient with pandemic influenza who is deceased.

H. Second or Subsequent Waves

1. Maintain active screening and surveillance measures per Section E above and as directed by local/state health officials.
2. Maintain strict adherence to Droplet Precautions per above.

I. Postpandemic Period

1. Return to interpandemic routine operations.